# **Singular & Plural Nouns**

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# **Grammar Notes**

#### **SINGULAR & PLURAL NOUNS**

# **A. Introduction to Nouns**

A noun is a person, place, or thing. Nouns are usually the subject (before the verb) or object (after the verb) of a sentence.

- Julia likes puppies.
- The students are taking a test.

## **B. Proper & Common Nouns**

Proper nouns are the names of people, places, or things. In English, proper nouns take a capital letter.

Common Noun	Proper Noun
a person	Ali
a pet	Fido
a city	London
a country	Brazil
a building	Eiffel Tower
a company	Coca-Cola

#### Common Noun **Proper Noun** an ocean Atlantic Ocean ..... ..... Amazon River a river ..... a lake Lake Baikal ------Mount Fiji a mountain <u>.</u>..... a park Central Park a planet Jupiter

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# **C. Singular Nouns**

Singular means **one**. A singular common noun often has an article (*a*, *an*, *or the*) or the number *one* in front of it.

- a truck
- an **umbrella**
- the **bank**
- one sandwich

# Grammar Notes cont.

# **D. Regular Plural Nouns**

Plural means **two or more**. To form the plural of most regular nouns, add the ending -s. A plural common noun often has *the*, a number (*two* or more), or no article in front of it.

- a cat → cats
- an apple → apples
- the chair  $\rightarrow$  the **chairs**
- one banana → two **bananas**

Look at the spelling patterns for regular plural nouns. Can you think of any more nouns to add to this chart?

Rule	Singular	Plural
Add -s to most regular nouns.	<ul><li>banana</li><li>flower</li><li>toy</li></ul>	<ul><li>bananas</li><li>flowers</li><li>toys</li></ul>
If the noun ends in a consonant + -y, change -y to -i and add -es.	<ul><li> candy</li><li> butterfly</li><li> puppy</li></ul>	<ul><li> candies</li><li> butterflies</li><li> puppies</li></ul>
If the noun ends in -s, -z, -x, -ch, or -sh, add -es.	<ul><li>kiss</li><li>box</li><li>dish</li></ul>	<ul><li>kisses</li><li>boxes</li><li>dishes</li></ul>
If the noun ends in a consonant + -o, add -es.	<ul><li> potato</li><li> tomato</li><li> hero</li></ul>	<ul><li> potatoes</li><li> tomatoes</li><li> heroes</li></ul>

# Grammar Notes cont.

# **E. Pronunciation Rules for Regular Plural Nouns**

How is the plural ending -s pronounced? That depends on the final sound of the singular noun. Listen to the recording and repeat the examples.

#	Rule	Examples
1	If the noun ends with the voiceless (soft) sounds <b>f</b> , <b>k</b> , <b>p</b> , <b>t</b> , or <b>θ</b> , pronounce the <i>-s</i> ending as <b>s</b> .	• roofs • maps • months • books • cats
2	If the noun ends with the voiced (loud) sounds <b>b, d, g, l, m, n, ŋ, r, ð, ν, w</b> , or any <b>vowel sound</b> , pronounce the -s ending as <b>z</b> .	<ul> <li>cribs</li> <li>beds</li> <li>bigs</li> <li>clothes</li> <li>girls</li> <li>plums</li> <li>cows</li> <li>emus</li> </ul>
3	If the noun ends with the voiceless sounds <b>s</b> , <b>ks</b> , <b>ʃ</b> , or <b>tʃ</b> or the voiced sounds <b>dʒ</b> , <b>ʒ</b> , or <b>z</b> , pronounce the <i>-s</i> ending as <b>ız</b> (as a separate syllable).	<ul> <li>kisses</li> <li>boxes</li> <li>bridges</li> <li>wishes</li> <li>garages</li> </ul>

# Grammar Notes cont.

# **F. Irregular Plural Nouns**

Irregular nouns don't take the -s ending to form the plural. Instead, there are various changes or no changes to these nouns.

- a goose → geese
- a die → dice
- a fish → fish

Look at the spelling patterns for irregular plural nouns. Can you think of any more nouns to add to this chart?

Type of Change	Pattern	Singular	Plural
Middle Vewel Change	-a <b>→</b> -e	• man • woman	• men • women
Middle Vowel Change	-oo 🗲 -ee	<ul><li>foot</li><li>tooth</li></ul>	• feet • teeth
Middle Vowel + Consonant Change	(various)	<ul><li> person</li><li> mouse</li></ul>	<ul><li> people</li><li> mice</li></ul>
Ending Added	(various)	<ul><li> child</li><li> ox</li></ul>	<ul><li> children</li><li> oxen</li></ul>
	-fe / -f → -ves	• knife • half	<ul><li> knives</li><li> halves</li></ul>
Ending Change	-us 🗲 -i	<ul><li> cactus</li><li> alumnus</li></ul>	• cacti • alumni
Ending Change	-sis → -ses	<ul><li> crisis</li><li> thesis</li></ul>	<ul><li> crises</li><li> theses</li></ul>
	-um 🗲 -a	• bacterium • datum	• bacteria • data
No Change	—	<ul><li> deer</li><li> species</li></ul>	<ul><li> deer</li><li> species</li></ul>

# **Exercise 1**

#### **PROPER & COMMON NOUNS**

Write P if the noun is a proper noun. Write C if the noun is a common noun.

- Ex. <u>C</u> a child
- 1. \_\_\_\_\_ an orange
- 2. \_\_\_\_\_ a book
- 3. \_\_\_\_\_ The Lord of the Rings
- 4. \_\_\_\_ Fluffy
- 5. \_\_\_\_ Taj Mahal
- 6. \_\_\_\_\_ the car
- 7. \_\_\_\_ Starbucks
- 8. \_\_\_\_\_ a bird
- 9. \_\_\_\_\_ a movie
- 10. \_\_\_\_\_ Pacific Ocean
- 11. \_\_\_\_\_ the school
- 12. \_\_\_\_\_ an elephant
- 13. \_\_\_\_\_ Harvard University
- 14. \_\_\_\_\_ Google
- 15. \_\_\_\_\_ the bus

# **Exercise 2**

### **REGULAR NOUNS**

Put a check mark ( $\checkmark$ ) in the singular column if there is only one of the noun. Put a check mark ( $\checkmark$ ) in the plural column if there are two or more of the noun.

#	Noun	Singular	Plural
Ex	the book	~	
1	a tree		
2	shoes		
3	the park		
4	an apple		
5	the vegetables		
6	flowers		
7	a dictionary		
8	the TV		
9	a pencil		
10	an umbrella		
11	bicycles		
12	the people		
13	leaves		
14	a horse		
15	the beach		

#### LISTENING & SPEAKING

# **A. Listening Practice**

What sound does the -s ending make? Listen to the following words and put a check mark ( $\checkmark$ ) in the /s/, /z/, or /ız/ column.

#	Plural Noun	/s/	/z/	/ız/
1	surprises			~
2	paths			
3	dogs			
4	placemats			
5	lids			
6	rashes			
7	watches			
8	forks			
9	lemons			
10	cups			
11	chairs			
12	businesses			

# **B. Speaking Practice**

Listen and repeat the words in Part A. Pay attention to your pronunciation.

#### **SPELLING & PRONUNCIATION**

# **A. Spelling Practice**

Write the plural form for the following nouns.

#	Singular Noun	Plural Noun
Ex	knife	knives
1	cookie	
2	cake	
3	dish	
4	leaf	
5	bridge	
6	box	
7	potato	

#	Singular Noun	Plural Noun
8	branch	
9	coat	
10	party	
11	class	
12	minute	
13	play	
14	lady	
15	month	

# **B. Pronunciation Practice**

With a partner, read the plural nouns in Part A out loud. Pay attention to your pronunciation.

#### HOW MANY?

Ask your partner these questions and write his or her answers in the chart. Can you think of more questions with "How many" to ask your partner?

#	Question	Answer
Ex	How many hours of sleep do you get?	8 hours
1	How many brothers and sisters do you have?	
2	How many pets do you have?	
3	How many pairs of shoes do you own?	
4	How many days a week do you study English?	
5	How many hours do you spend on social media (e.g., Facebook) in a day?	
6	How many phone calls do you make in a week?	
7	How many texts do you send in a week?	
8	How many TV shows do you watch in a week?	
9	How many movies do you watch in a month?	
10	How many books do you read in a year?	

# **Exercise 6**

### **IRREGULAR NOUNS**

Write the plural forms of the irregular nouns in the chart.

#	Singular	Plural	#	Singular	Plural
Ξx	one alumnus	two <i>alumni</i>	8	one oasis	two
1	one woman	two	9	one foot	two
2	one fish	two	10	one wife	two
3	one child	two	11		two
4	one goose	two	12		two
5	one man	two	13	one ox	two
6	one mouse	two	14	one species	two
7	one die	two	15	one bacterium	two

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# **Exercise 7**

#### FILL IN THE BLANKS

Fill in the blanks with regular and irregular nouns from the list. Use plural forms. Use each word only once.

Noun List:					
• ~ <del>shild</del> • dish • baby	•	bus blanket sheep	fish superhero knife	•	person calf

Ex. They have three sons and three daughters. They have six \_\_\_\_\_\_ *children* \_\_\_\_\_.

1. Baby cows are called \_\_\_\_\_\_.

2. It is dangerous to play with sharp \_\_\_\_\_\_.

3. I have to do the \_\_\_\_\_\_ after dinner.

4. \_\_\_\_\_\_ are animals that produce wool.

5. I need three strong \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ to help me carry the refrigerator upstairs.

6. My friend caught four \_\_\_\_\_\_ in the river.

7. Fourteen \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ were born at that hospital yesterday.

8. You have to take two \_\_\_\_\_\_ to get to the mall.

9. Here are some more \_\_\_\_\_\_ in case you get cold.

#### FIND THE ERRORS

Find one error in each sentence. Write the correct sentence below it.

Ex. They found two new bird speciess on that island.

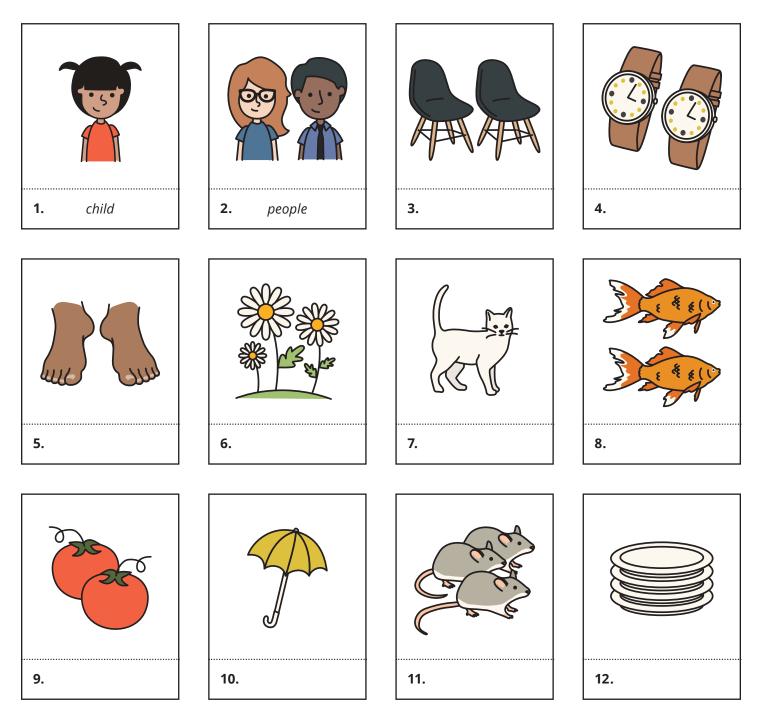
They found two new bird **species** on that island.

- 1. I saw six butterflys in the garden.
- 2. There are three zoos in the four citys near my house.
- 3. We need more knifes and forks.
- 4. Those people are feeding the gooses.
- 5. There are many big oxes in the fields behind the barn.
- 6. I looked under the desks and saw many feets.
- 7. Woman usually live longer than men.
- 8. Have the children lost all their baby tooths?
- 9. Would you like some more carrots or potatos?
- 10. I asked my son to pick up his toyes.

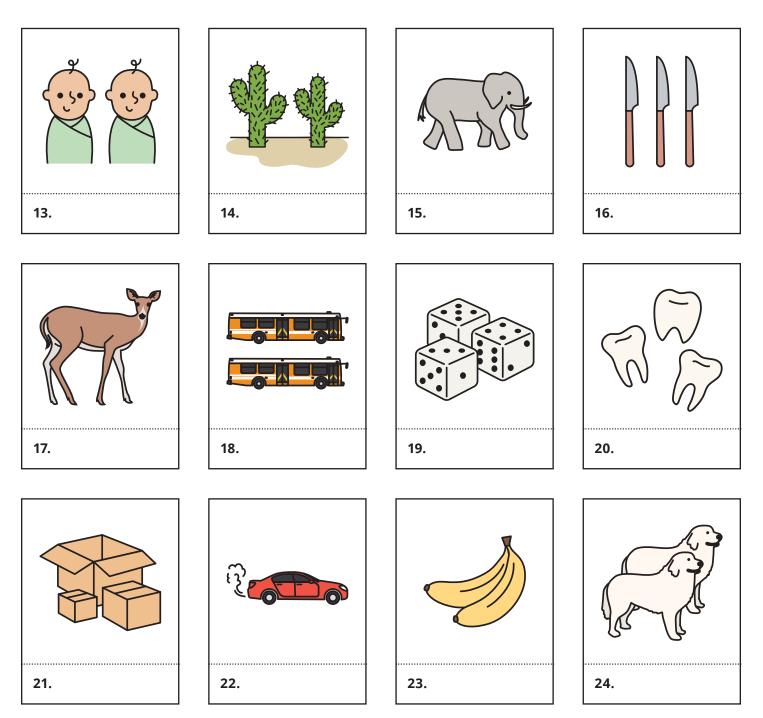
# **Exercise 9**

## **PICTURE THIS!**

Look at the pictures. Write a singular or plural noun for each image.



# Exercise 9 cont.



### QUIZ

Circle the correct answer.

- 1. Do you want any \_\_\_\_\_ on your salad?
  - a) tomatoes
  - b) tomatos
- 2. The children wanted to pet the \_\_\_\_\_.
  - a) puppys
  - b) puppies
- 3. How many English \_\_\_\_\_ did you take last week?
  - a) class
  - b) classes
- 4. Did you see the \_\_\_\_\_ at the zoo?
  - a) wolves
  - b) wolfs
- 5. There are two \_\_\_\_\_ in my city.
  - a) libraries
  - b) librarys
- 6. The \_\_\_\_\_ stole a lot of jewelry.
  - a) thieves
  - b) thiefs

- 7. How many \_\_\_\_\_ until your birthday?
  - a) monthesb) months
- 8. Three of my friends dressed up as \_\_\_\_\_\_ for Halloween.
  - a) witches
  - b) witchs
- 9. She goes to the gym on \_\_\_\_\_.
  - a) Fridays
  - b) Fridaies
- 10. I cut the apple into two \_\_\_\_\_.
  - a) halfs b) halves
- 11. The dentist pulled three \_\_\_\_\_ out of his mouth.
  - a) teeth
  - b) tooths
- 12. There are a lot of \_\_\_\_\_ in this garden.
  - a) cactus
  - b) cacti

# **Grammar Assessment**

#### Student / Group: \_\_\_\_\_

Date	Level	Assessed By	Target	Skill
			Singular & Plural Nouns	Grammar

Criteria	Achieved ಆ	Achieved with Help	Needs Improvement
differentiates common and proper nouns			
differentiates singular and plural nouns			
pronounces regular plural nouns correctly			
forms the plural of regular and irregular nouns using the correct spelling			

Notes

# Self-Assessment

#### SINGULAR & PLURAL NOUNS

Add check marks () to show what you've learned in this lesson.

Name:	Date:		
Can I	Yes (very well)	Yes (with help)	Not yet
tell the difference between common and proper nouns?			
pronounce regular plural nouns properly?			
spell regular plural nouns correctly?			
spell irregular plural nouns correctly?			

**My Notes** 

# **Answer Key**

#### **LESSON DESCRIPTION:**

This lesson teaches students how to form regular and irregular plural nouns. Students will review and practice spelling and pronunciation rules for plural nouns in English.

### **Exercise 1**

1.	С	4.	Р	7.	Р	10. P	13. P
2.	С	5.	Р	8.	С	11. C	14. P
3.	Р	6.	С	9.	С	12. C	15. C

## **Exercise 2**

1.	singular	6.	plural	11.	plural
2.	plural	7.	singular	12.	plural
3.	singular	8.	singular	13.	plural
4.	singular	9.	singular	14.	singular
5.	plural	10.	singular	15.	singular

### **Exercise 3**

#### A. LISTENING PRACTICE

1.	/ız/	3. /z/	5. /z/	7. /ız/	9. /z/	11. /z/
2.	/s/	4. /s/	6. /ız/	8. /s/	10. /s/	12. /ız/

#### **B. SPEAKING PRACTICE**

You can choose to do this exercise as a class or by calling on individual students. Alternatively, put students in pairs. Monitor your students for the correct pronunciation of the plural endings.

#### LEVEL: Beg

TIME: 2-3 hours

**TAGS:**plural, singular, nouns, plural nouns, regular, irregular,spelling, pronunciation, grammar, assessment

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## **Exercise 4**

#### A. SPELLING PRACTICE

1.	cookies	6.	boxes	11.	classes
2.	cakes	7.	potatoes	12.	minutes
3.	dishes	8.	branches	13.	plays
4.	leaves	9.	coats	14.	ladies
5.	bridges	10.	parties	15.	months

#### **B. PRONUNCIATION PRACTICE**

Monitor your students for the correct pronunciation of the plural endings. The correct pronunciation is:

1.	/z/	4.	/z/	7.	/z/	10. /z/	13. /z/
2.	/s/	5.	/ız/	8.	/ız/	11. /ız/	14. /z/
3.	/ız/	6.	/ız/	9.	/s/	12. /s/	15. /s/

### **Exercise 5**

Answers will vary. You may want to challenge pairs who complete the exercise quickly to think of more questions. Alternatively, have all students write five more questions for homework.

(continued on the next page...)

# Answer Key cont.

# **Exercise 6**

1.	women	6.	mice	11.	crises
2.	fish	7.	dice	12.	halves
3.	children	8.	oases	13.	oxen
4.	geese	9.	feet	14.	species
5.	men	10.	wives	15.	bacteria

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# Exercise 7

1.	calves	6.	fish
2.	knives	7.	babies
3.	dishes	8.	buses
4.	Sheep	9.	blankets
5.	people	10.	superheroes

# **Exercise 8**

- 1. I saw six **butterflies** in the garden.
- 2. There are three zoos in the four **cities** near my house.
- 3. We need more **knives** and forks.
- 4. Those people are feeding the **geese**.
- 5. There are many big **oxen** in the fields behind the barn.
- 6. I looked under the desks and saw many **feet**.
- 7. **Women** usually live longer than men.
- 8. Have the children lost all their baby **teeth**?
- 9. Would you like some more carrots or **potatoes**?
- 10. I asked my son to pick up his **toys**.

# **Exercise 9**

Answers may vary. Have students work individually or in pairs. You could also cut up the cards and have students quiz each other.

1.	child	9.	tomatoes	17.	deer
2.	people	10.	umbrella	18.	buses
3.	chairs	11.	mice	19.	dice
4.	watches	12.	dishes/plates	20.	teeth
5.	feet	13.	babies	21.	boxes
6.	flowers	14.	cacti	22.	car
7.	cat	15.	elephant	23.	bananas
8.	fish	16.	knives	24.	dogs
5. 6. 7.	feet flowers cat	13. 14. 15.	babies cacti elephant	21. 22. 23.	boxes car bananas

# **Exercise 10**

1.	а	3. b	5. a	7. b	9. a	11. a
2.	b	4. a	6. a	8. a	10. b	12. b

### **Grammar Assessment**

Use this tool for assessment purposes. Find alternative assessment tools that you can personalize in our Resources section.

#### **Self-Assessment**

Have your students fill out this form. Find alternative self-reflection tools that you can personalize in our Resources section.

#### **SPELLING NOTE:**

This lesson shows the American spelling of the word *Jewelry*. Most other English-speaking countries spell it this way: *Jewellery*. Make it a challenge for your students to find this word in the lesson and see if they know the alternate spelling.

#### **EDITOR'S NOTES:**

You may want to point out that there are some exceptions to the "f  $\rightarrow$  ves" rule. Words that don't follow this change include *roofs* and *beliefs*. You may also wish to discuss the plural of words ending in *-o* in more detail. Here are the general rules:

- Some words ending in -o take the -es plural ending (e.g., potatoes, tomatoes, heroes).
- Some words ending in -o can take either the -es or -s plural ending (e.g., mangoes/mangos, zeroes/zeros, volcanoes/volcanos).
- 3. If a word ends in -oe, add -s (e.g., toe  $\rightarrow$  toes, shoe  $\rightarrow$  shoes).
- If the letter before the final -o is a vowel, add -s (e.g., patio → patios, video → videos).
- If the word ending in -o is short for a longer word (e.g., photograph → photo, automobile → auto), add -s (e.g., photos, autos).